Increased Rates of Anchor Failure Can Be Predicted by an Early Onset Scoliosis Severity Score

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Early Onset Scoliosis

- Deformity diagnosed < 6 yrs
- Wide spectrum of severity
 - Infantile "idiopathic"
 - Congenital
 - Syndromic
 - Associated medical co-morbidities

Complications frequent (up to 100% surgical)







Hypothesis

 Implant complications (anchor failure) rates higher in fragile patients with more severe deformity and more medical co-morbidities

Needed: severity scoring index to assist with prognostic issues and outcome determination





Methods

- EOS severity score developed at TSRH
- Retrospectively applied to initial experience with growth-sparing surgery

Diagnoses

- Syndromic (20)
- Muscular dystrophy (7)
- Congenital (5)
- Idiopathic (3)
- Thoracogenic (2)



Methods

- 37 patients with EOS treated since 2003 with growth sparing surgery
 - 1 with less than 12 mo f/u
- 20 boys 17 girls
- Age at initial surgery 5 yrs (1.3 9.3 yrs)
- 5 have completed lengthenings
 - All have had definitive fusion
 - 32 still undergoing lengthenings
- Average f/u 3.8 years



Components (4)

1. Fragility index score (0-5 points)

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0 = BMI > 20
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1 = BMI < 20, no other co-morbidities

2 = BMI < 20, ambulatory w/ co-morbidities

3 = BMI < 20, non-ambulatory

additional 1 point each for:

- osteopenia
- connective tissue/bone dysplasia(NF, Marfan, E-D, OI)



EOS Severity Score

- 2. *Age* (0-2 points)
 - 0 = age > 7
 - 1 = age 4-7
 - **2** = age < 4
- 3. Respiratory (0-3 points)
 - 0 = normal
 - 1 = night assistance (CPAP/BiPAP) without oxygen
 - 2 = tracheostomy, supplemental oxygen, or nightonly ventilator assistance
 - 3 = full time ventilatory support





4. Radiographic Score

 Points awarded (up to 3) for severity of 4 separate anatomic deformities

points	AP Cobb	Sag Cobb	Congenital segments	Ribs (fused or absent)
0	<50	10-50	None	None
1	50-70	<10, 50-70	<3 levels	<3
2	71-90	71-90	3-6 levels	3-6
3	>90	>90	>6 levels	>6

Max score = 12

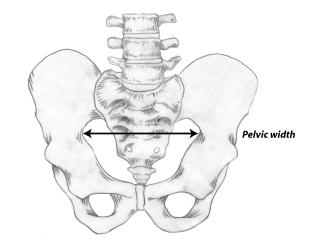


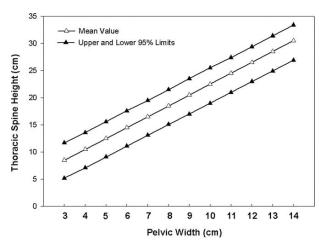
4. Radiographic Score

- Length T1-12 (anatomic size)
- Flexibility

Max score = 4

points	T1-T12 height	Flexibility
0	>50 th %	>33%
1	5-50	15-33%
2	<5 th %	<15%





Emans Spine 2005

Radiographic Conversion

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•1 = 1-3 xray points
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• 2 = 4-6 "
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Example 1: 7 yo male, non-ambulatory, connective tissue syndrome, no respiratory support, myelopathic, VSD repair, osteopenia



- 7 yo = 0
- Respiratory = 0
- Pragility = 5 →
 - Radiograph = 2

Total

BMI<20, nonamb, osteopenic, connective tissue, myelopathy

AP> 90 =3
sagittal =0
flexible = 0
T1-12<5th%=2
noncong.=0
5

Index points 2





Severity Index - Results

- Range 2-11 (mean 6)
- 23 pts with spine based surgery (growing rods)
 - Average score 5.4
- 14 with rib based surgery (VEPTR)
 - Average score 7.9 (p<0.003)
- 1 excluded (f/u < 1 yr) from complication analysis



Results - Severity Index

- Overall anchor failures/procedures = 0.6
- Overall rib anchor failures/procedure = 0.5
- Overall spine anchor failures/procedure = 0.25
 - rib/spine failure rate difference not statistically significant

- Mean score for pts with > 0.5 anchor failures/procedure = 7.6
- Mean score for pts with < 0.5 anchor failures/procedure = 5.5 (p<0.03)



Results

- Other complications not related to severity score
 - 7 infections requiring surgical debridement
 - 4 intraoperative neuromonitoring changes
 - 2 late motor deficits
 - 1 brachial plexus injury after VEPTR lengthening
 - 1 paraplegia from thoracic pedicle screw migration
 - 3 implant erosion through skin
 - 1 domino set plug failure requiring rod replacement



Discussion

- Many EOS patients have significant comorbidities
- Growth-sparing rx requires repeat surgery over time, inviting complications
- Wide spectrum of severity characteristic of EOS patients

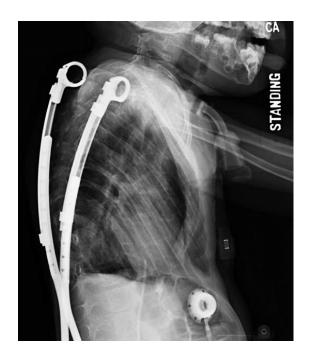




Discussion

- Severity index 8 or greater is prognostic for anchor failures
- Anchor failure should be anticipated and technique strategies planned in advance







Thank You





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