

# Hemoglobin Levels in Patients with Early Onset Scoliosis Treated with Growing Rods

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# Disclosures

- a. Grants/Research Support
- b. Consultant
- c. Stock/Shareholder
- d. Speakers' Bureau
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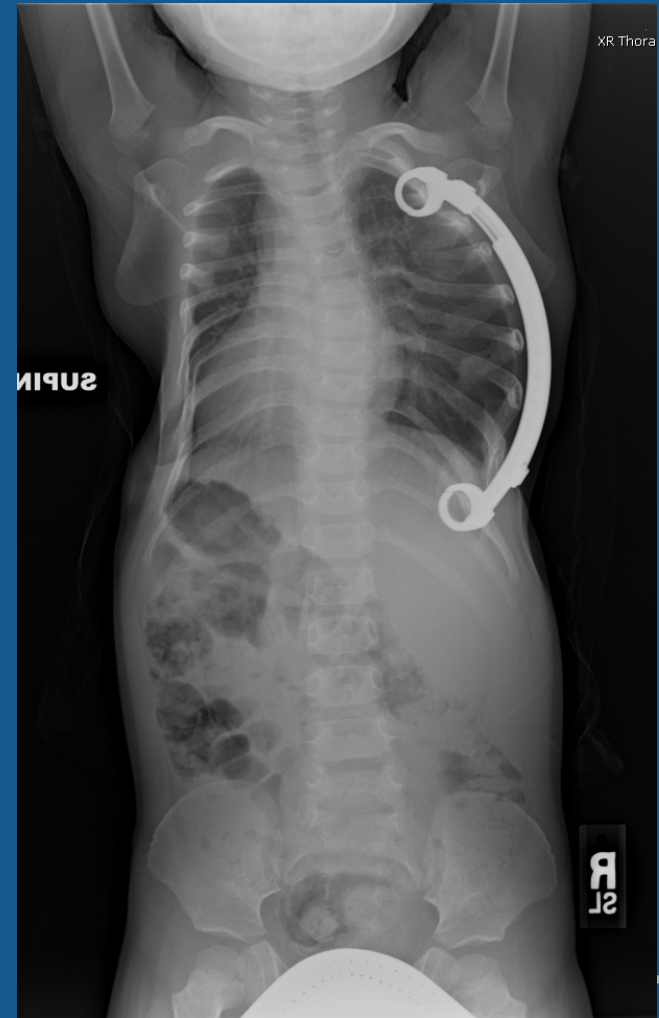
| <u>Author</u>             | <u>Disclosure</u>                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Karen Myung, MD, PhD      | None                                                                                                                                |
| Christopher Lee, BS       | None                                                                                                                                |
| Eric Wall, MD             | SpineForm (e); OrthoPediatrics Sports, Stryker Trauma, Orthopediatric Spine (b)                                                     |
| Viral Jain, MD            | None                                                                                                                                |
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| Behrooz A. Akbarnia, MD   | (a) K2M, DePuy, Nuvasive, Ellipse; (b) Nuvasive, K2M, Ellipse, Kspine, DePuy; (c) Nuvasive, Ellipse, K Spine, Nocimed               |
| Growing Spine Study Group | Growing Spine Foundation (a)                                                                                                        |

# Hypothesis

- Early onset scoliosis (EOS) patients have elevated preoperative hemoglobin and hematocrit (H&H) levels
- Distraction-based growing rods will decrease H&H levels postoperatively to normal levels

# Background

- H&H levels found to be elevated in EOS patients in previous studies
  - Possibly due to body's response to decreased oxygenation
- Patients treated with VEPTR and expansion thoracostomy had mean hemoglobin Z-scores decreased from 0.82 to 0.24 ( $P = 0.04$ )

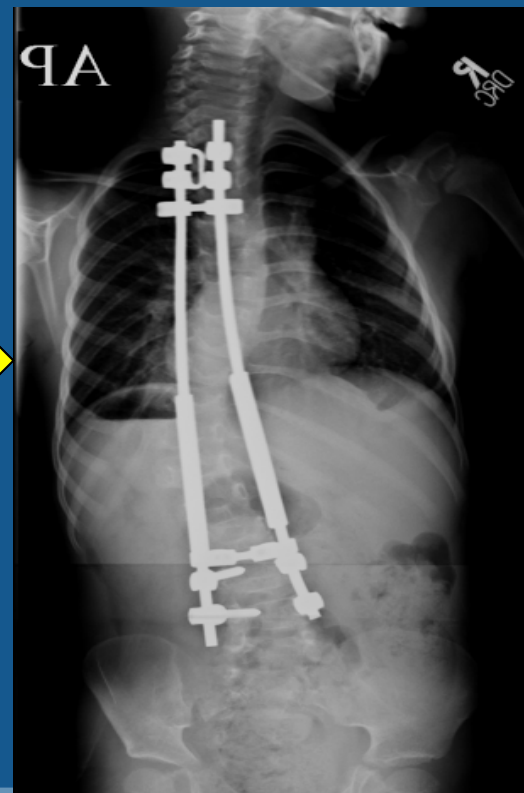
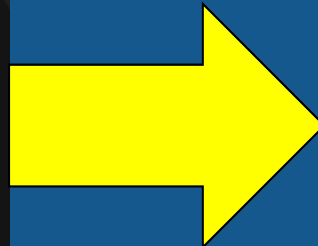


# Methods

- 66 consecutive patients identified retrospectively at 5 institutions.
- All patients had distraction-based growing rods.
- Only patients without confounding respiratory issues or oxygen-dependence included.
- All patients had minimum 2 year follow-up (mean 3.7 years).

# Results

- Preoperative H&H levels were normal (mean Hgb Z-score = 0.19, mean Hct Z-score = 0.34)
- Z-scores remain essentially unchanged at 6, 18, 24, 30, 36, and 48 months after surgery



# Results

- Initial decrease at 1 year with H&H levels normalizing by 18 months
  - Remain normal in most patients after this
- In 21 patients with 5-year follow-up, H&H levels were significantly lower at approximately 1 SD below normal at 5 years
  - Patients may represent sicker subset

# Hgb/Hct Up To 2 years

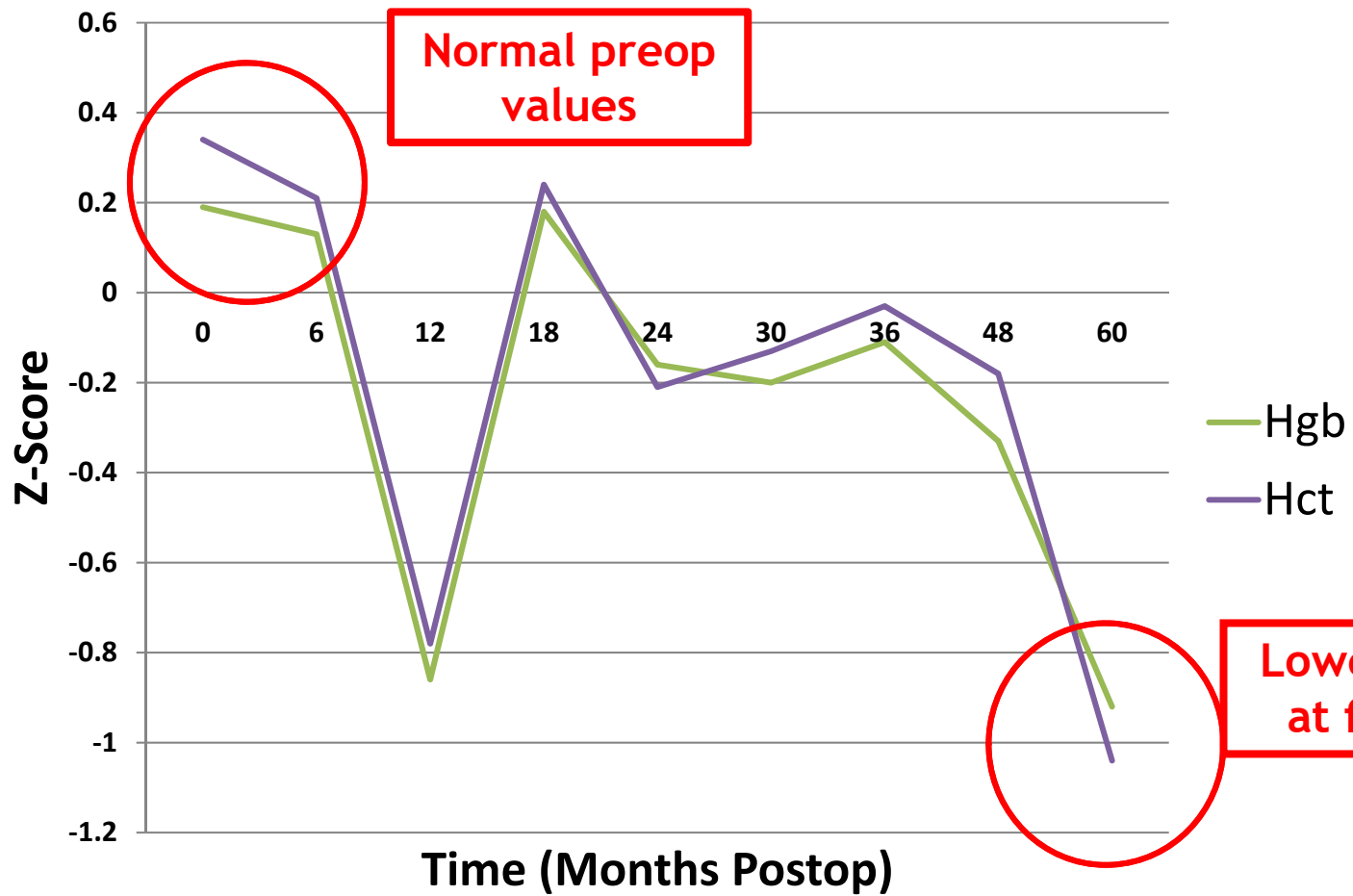
|     | Preop          | 6 mos postop               | 12 mos postop                      | 18 mos postop              | 24 mos postop               |
|-----|----------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Hgb | 0.19 ±<br>1.77 | 0.13 ±<br>1.93<br>(p=0.87) | -0.86 ±<br>2.43<br><b>(p=0.02)</b> | 0.18 ±<br>1.96<br>(p=0.48) | -0.16 ±<br>1.51<br>(p=0.36) |
| Hct | 0.34 ±<br>1.55 | 0.21 ±<br>1.99<br>(p=0.74) | -0.78 ±<br>2.25<br><b>(p=0.01)</b> | 0.24 ±<br>2.10<br>(p=0.52) | -0.21 ±<br>1.62<br>(p=0.10) |



# Hgb/Hct Up To 5 years

|     | 30 mos postop               | 36 mos postop               | 48 mos postop               | 60 mos postop                       |
|-----|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Hgb | -0.20 ±<br>2.21<br>(p=0.40) | -0.11 ±<br>1.21<br>(p=0.17) | -0.33 ±<br>1.34<br>(p=0.18) | -0.92 ±<br>1.45<br><b>(p=0.01)</b>  |
| Hct | -0.13 ±<br>1.88<br>(p=0.25) | -0.03 ±<br>1.47<br>(p=0.29) | -0.18 ±<br>1.80<br>(p=0.18) | -1.04 ±<br>1.72<br><b>(p≤0.001)</b> |

## Hgb/Hct Z-Scores



# Discussion

- Previous reports have indicated that EOS patients may have elevated H&H levels
  - In this study of children with EOS undergoing distraction-based growing rods, no evidence of preoperative hypoxemia
- Subset of patients with 5-year follow-up had consistently low H&H from 12-60 mos postoperatively

# Take Home Lesson:

EOS patients may not  
have elevated H&H  
levels preoperatively



mean Hgb Z-score =  
0.19, mean Hct Z-score  
= 0.34

... Distraction-based  
growing rods may cause  
lower H&H levels long  
term...