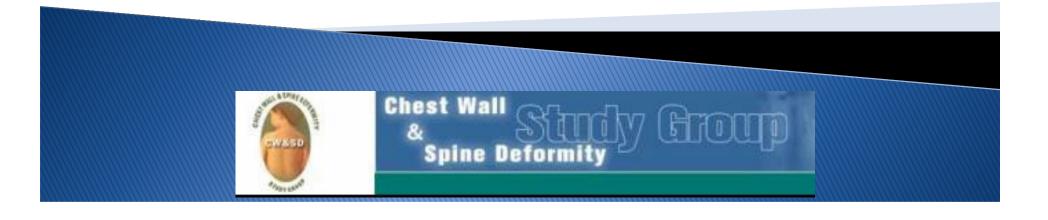
The Effect of Rib-Based Distraction Surgery on Spine Growth

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Disclosures

- Research / Educational Support
 - Depuy-Synthes Spine Canada
 - Medtronic Canada
- Consultant
 - Halifax Biomedical Inc.

Purpose

To evaluate the effect of rib-based distraction surgeries on spine growth in children with Early Onset Scoliosis.

Hypothesis

- Rib-based distraction will improve spine growth.
- These gains in spine growth may decrease over time.
- ▶ This decrease may be related to the normal slowing of T1-S1 growth between the ages of 5 and 10 years.

Methods

- Multi-center review
- ▶ EOS (<10 y.o. at diagnosis)
 - Treated with rib-based system
 - > 5 yr f/u
 - > 3 lengthening procedures
 - Radiographs available between each lengthening

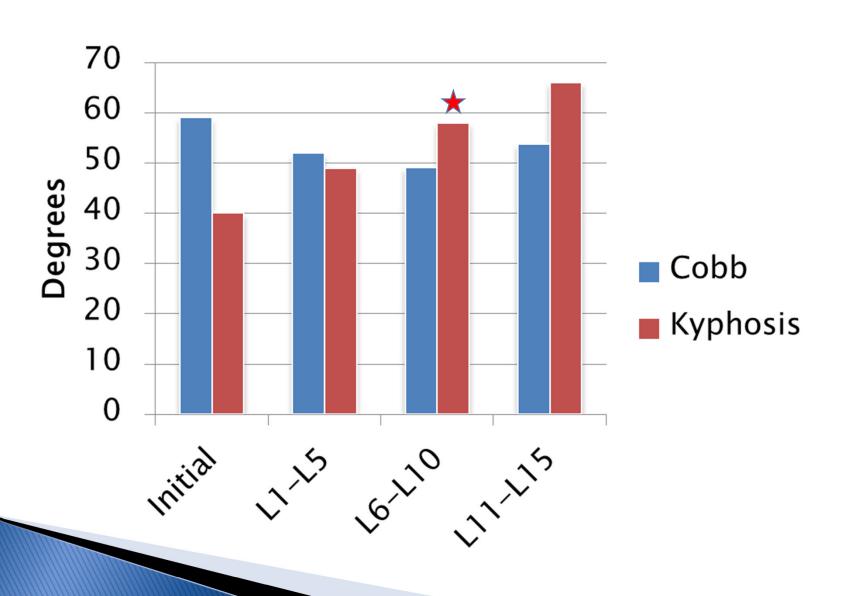
Methods

- Primary Outcomes:
 - T1–S1 height
 - Change in T1-S1 height / lengthening procedure
 - Normalized to the expected age-based T1-S1 growth

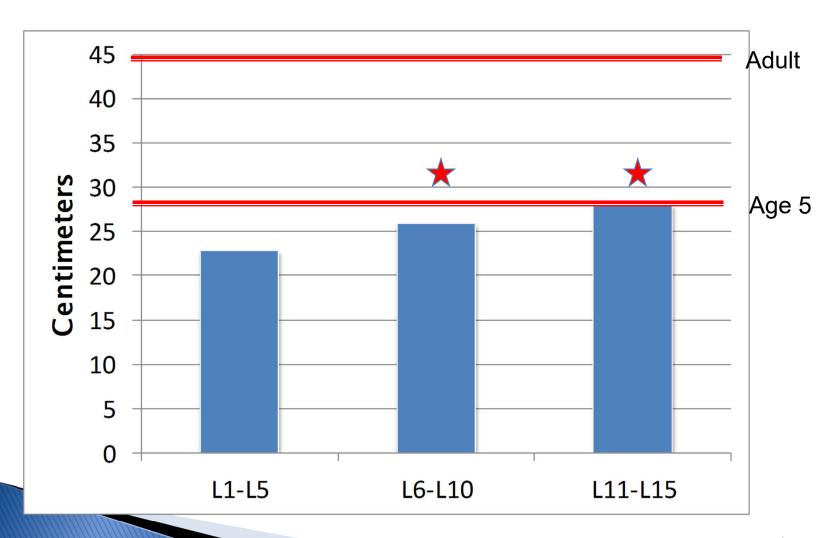
Results: Initial Surgery

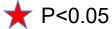
- ▶ 37 subjects
- Mean Age = 2.7 years
- ▶ Cobb = 59°
- ▶ Kyphosis = 40°
- 9.1 Lengthening surgeries

Results: Deformity

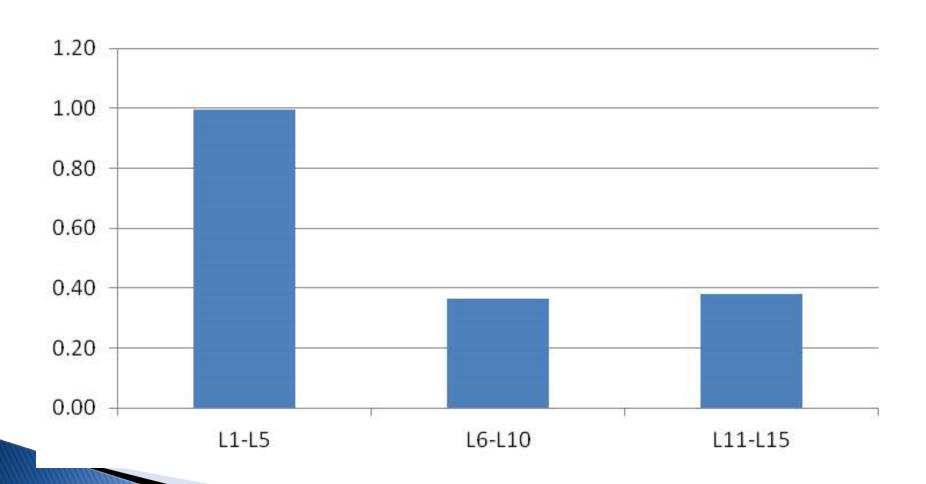


Results: T1-S1 Height

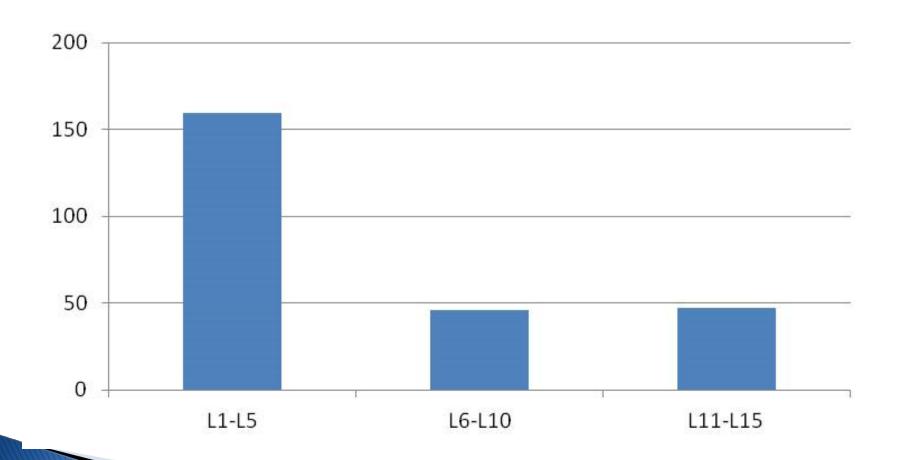




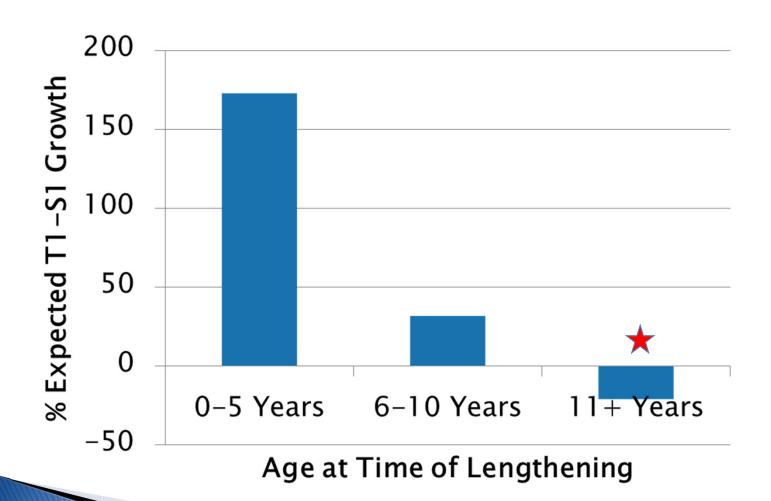
Results: T1-S1/Lengthening (cm)



Results: % Expected Growth

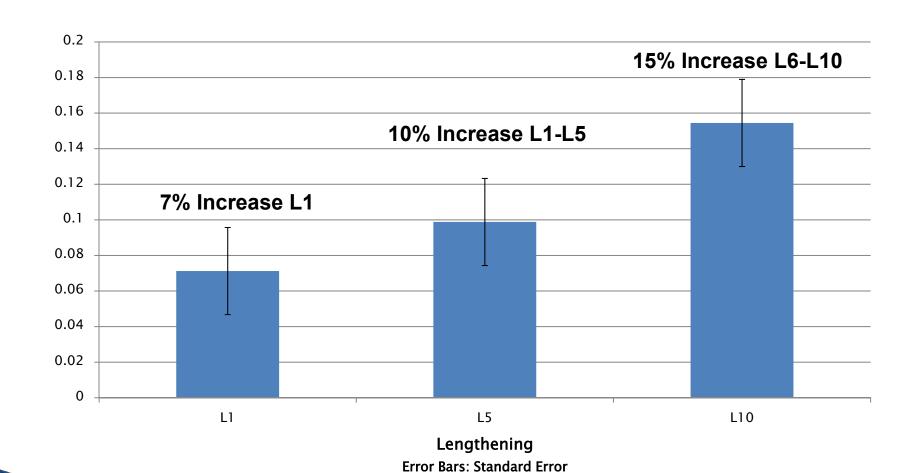


Results: Function of Age





Results: T1-S1 / Initial T1-S1



Strengths

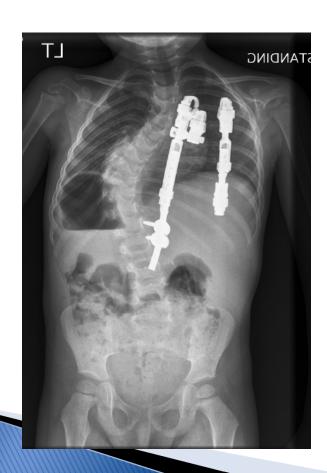
- 5 year follow-up
- > 3 lengthening surgeries

Limitations

- Variability in data
 - Heterogeneous population of EOS
- Low numbers with greater than 10 lengthening procedures

- Pre-mature fusion?
- Sagittal Plane
- Implant Design
- Biomechanics

Growth only measured on PA radiograph





- Growth only measured on PA radiograph
 - Kyphosis
 - 40 degrees pre-op
 - 65 degrees at L15
 - T1 moves anterior
 - Relatively lower T1-S1

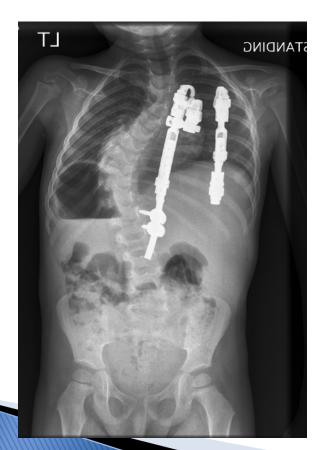


Implant Design – Radius of curvature

- T1 moves anterior
- Relatively lower T1-S1



- Biomechanics
 - 1st lengthening Greatest Moment



Conclusions

- Rib-based distraction improves T1-S1 height.
 - 19 cm pre-op
 - 28 cm at L15
- These gains in spine growth demonstrated a trend to decrease over time
 - 1.0 cm / lengthening L1–5
 - 0.4 cm / lengthening beyond

Conclusions

- ▶ These changes demonstrated a trend to not be related to the normal slowing of T1-S1 growth between the ages of 5 and 10 years.
 - 150% Expected Growth per lengthening L1–5
 - 50% Expected Growth per lengthening beyond

Conclusions

- Rib-based lengthening increases T1-S1 height until age 10 years, but not beyond.
- Further studies are necessary to examine the multiple factors that may contribute to these results (i.e. sagittal plane, biomechanics).

Thank You

