Three Dimensional True Spine Length (3D-TSL):

A Novel Technique for Assessing the Outcomes of Scoliosis Surgery

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Disclosures

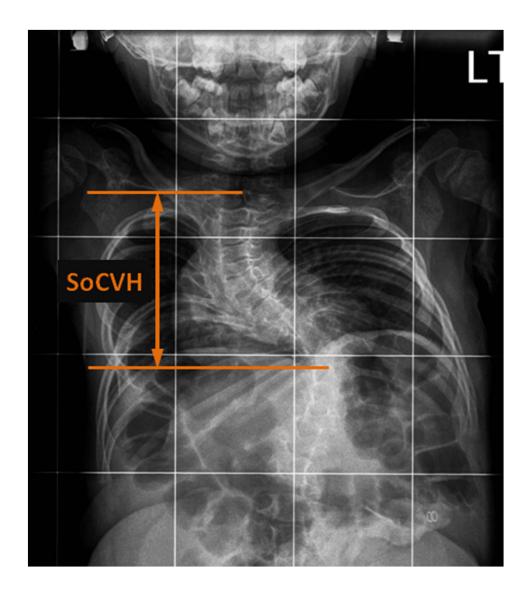
- ▶ R. El–Hawary:
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- All other authors have no disclosures

Introduction

- Growth Friendly surgeries control scoliosis, however these surgeries are kyphotic by nature
- "Law of Diminishing Returns"
 - Auto-fusion from surgical intervention?
 - Error in traditional measurement methods?
 - Out of plane growth not captured?

Traditional Measurement

- Standard-of-Care Vertical Height (SoCVH)
- Only a Single Dimensional Measurement
- Serial Height
 Measurements used to assess growth

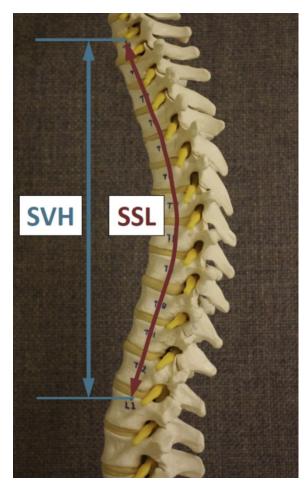


Sagittal Spine Length Measurement: A Novel Technique to Assess Growth of the Spine

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What about the effects of Kyphosis?

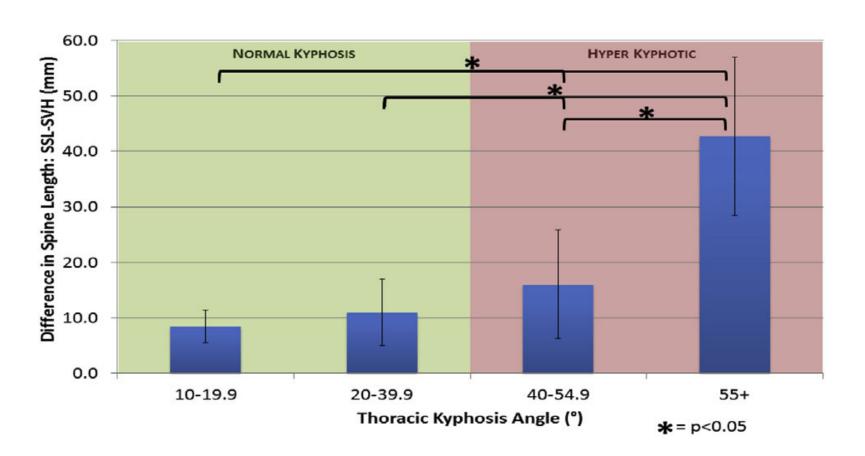
Sagittal Spine Length (SSL)



Spine Deformity 2016

Sagittal Spine Length Measurement: A Novel Technique to Assess Growth of the Spine

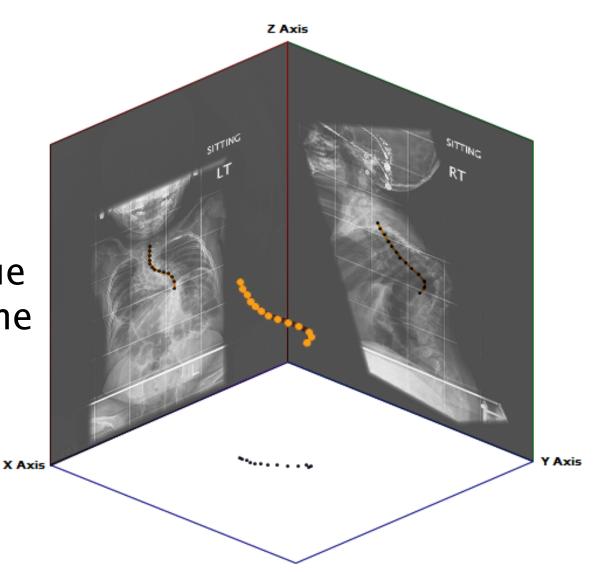
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3D True Spine Length (3D-TSL)

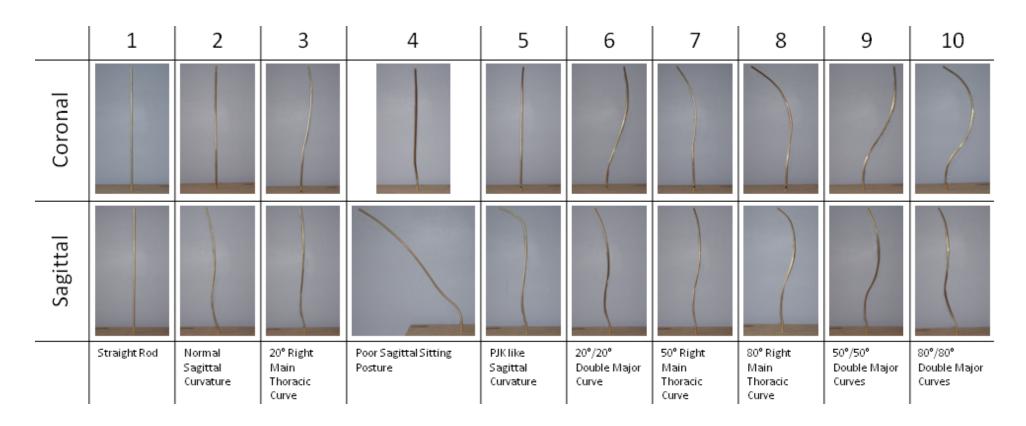
Biplanar, Three Dimensional Measurement Technique

Follows the True Path of the Spine



Accuracy Validation – Methods

- 3D-TSL Measurement of 10 physical rod configurations
- Assessed by 5 reviewers



Accuracy Validation - Results

- Mean Physical Rod Length: 267.7 mm
- Mean 3D-TSL Measurement: 268.0 mm
- Mean Error: 1.2mm (SD: 0.9, Range: 0.0−3.0)
 - Percent Error: **0.4%** (SD: 0.5%, Range: 0.0%–1.1%)
- Reliability: 0.999
- Repeatability: 0.997

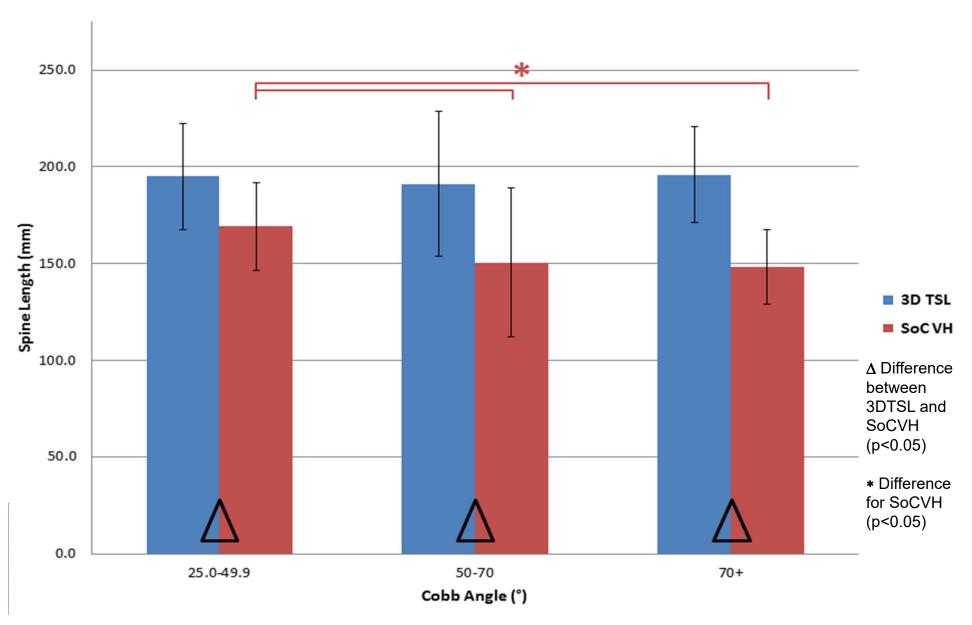
Clinical Validation - Methods

- SoCVH and 3D-TSL measurements of the T1-L1 lengths of 23 pre-operative EOS patients
 - Mean age: 5.6 years 12M/11F
 - Mean Cobb: 68° (22°–102°)
 - Mean Kyphosis: 37° (5°–85°)
 - 7 syndromic, 7 congenital, 6 idiopathic, and 3 neuromuscular
- Six Reviewers

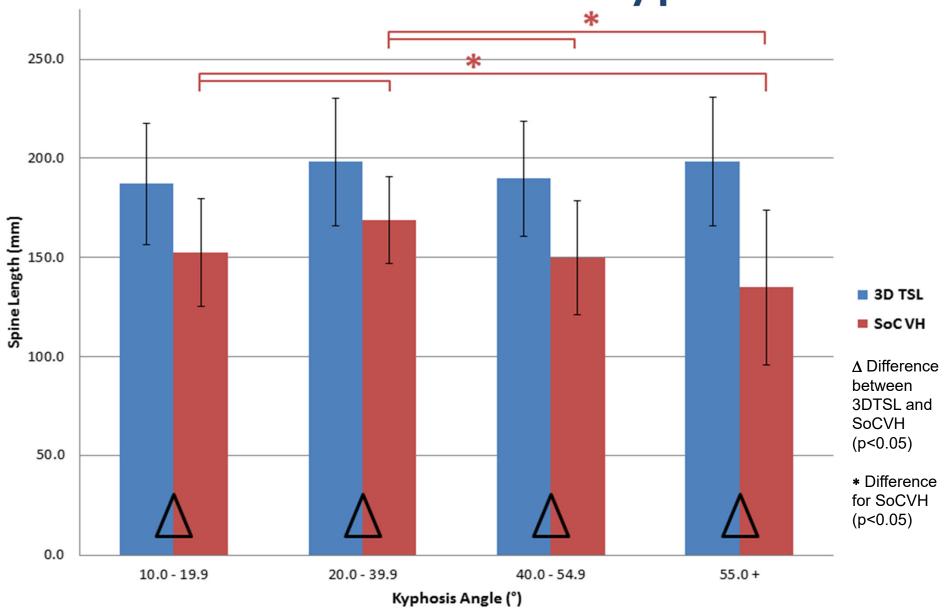
Clinical Validation - Results

	SoCVH	3DTSL
Reliability ICC	0.975 (95% CI: 0.913 – 0.989)	0.952 (95% CI: 0.882 – 0.982)
Repeatability ICC	0.965 (95% CI: 0.910 - 0.986)	0.944 (95% CI: 0.826 – 0.979)
Spine Lengths (mm)	156.1mm (SD: 29.7, Range: 74.7–207.3)	193.9mm (SD: 30.0, Range: 142.8–276.8)
Measurement Difference	37.8mm (SD: 21.4, Range: 1.3–95.4) (p<0.0001)	

Clinical Validation - Scoliosis



Clinical Validation - Kyphosis



Conclusions

- ▶ 3D-TSL is Accurate (0.4% error).
- ▶ 3D-TSL is Reliable (0.952).
- ▶ 3D-TSL is Repeatable (0.944).
- 3D-TSL results in greater spine length as compared to traditional coronal plane measures.
- ▶ 3D-TSL complements the traditional measurements used in the assessment of EOS.

Thank You

