# Classifying Vertebral Artery Anatomy Abnormalities in Children with Skeletal Dysplasias



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# Background + Purpose



- Cervical disorders needing surgical treatment are common in pediatric skeletal dysplasia (SKD) patients
  - Vertebral artery anatomy understanding is important
  - Certain populations have shown more abnormalities:
     -Morquio, Klippel-Feil
- We aim to determine:
  - classifiable anatomy system of the vertebral a.
  - do SKD patients have typical anatomic abnormalities?

## Methods



Retrospective review of neck CTAs 2006-2018, single institution

- 2 radiologists reviewed each CTA
- 2 groups:
  - -SKD patients
  - -controls (CTA for reasons other than ortho/nsgy concerns)

### Methods



#### Radiographic data collected for vertebral artery:

- dominance L, R, co-dominant
- curvature at C2 foramen above, within, below
- direction of exit at C3 foramen medial, lateral, central
- fenestration
- presenence of intersegmental artery

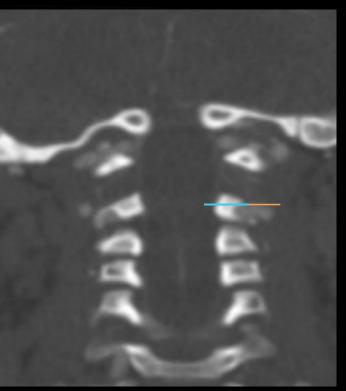
Curvature at C2 foramen:

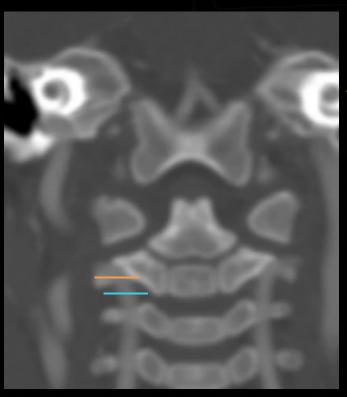
Horizontal Line at Prominent Portion of Intra-axial VA relative to the outlet of C2 transverse foramina (TF)

> Within Below Above







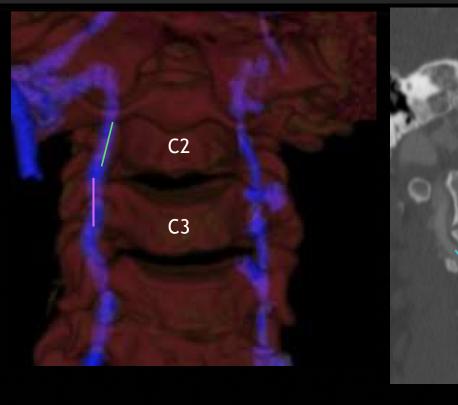


#### C3 foramen exit:

Trajectory of VA as enters C2 TF (transverse foramina) relative to C3 TF

Medial Lateral Central









### Results



- 18 SKD patients vs. 33 controls
- No significant difference in C2 or C3 vertebral artery anatomy
- Dominance most commonly neutral (61% SKD, 60% control)
- No fenestrated vertebral arteries
- No first intersegmental arteries

#### Dominance

# Results

|         | L  | Neutral | R | (total) |
|---------|----|---------|---|---------|
| SKD     | 5  | 11      | 2 | 18      |
| Control | 9  | 20      | 4 | 33      |
| (total) | 14 | 31      | 6 | 51      |



#### Curvature at C2 RIGHT Foramen:

|         | Above | Within | Below | Р    |
|---------|-------|--------|-------|------|
| SKD     | 3     | 12     | 3     | -    |
| Control | 3     | 21     | 9     | -    |
| (total) | 6     | 33     | 12    | 0.56 |

#### C3 RIGHT Foraminal Exit:

|         | Lateral | Medial | Central | р    |
|---------|---------|--------|---------|------|
| SKD     | 8       | 3      | 7       | -    |
| Control | 15      | 5      | 13      | -    |
| (total) | 23      | 8      | 20      | 0.99 |

#### Curvature at C2 LEFT Foramen:

|         | Above | Within | Below | Р    |
|---------|-------|--------|-------|------|
| SKD     | 3     | 15     | 0     | -    |
| Control | 2     | 26     | 5     | -    |
| (total) | 5     | 41     | 4     | 0.14 |

#### C3 LEFT Foraminal Exit:

|         | Lateral | Medial | Central | р    |
|---------|---------|--------|---------|------|
| SKD     | 5       | 3      | 10      | -    |
| Control | 9       | 9      | 15      | -    |
| (total) | 14      | 12     | 25      | 0.69 |

### Conclusions



- SKD children in our cohort do not have typical vertebral artery abnormalities different from other children
- Vertebral artery dominance, exiting direction from C3, and curvature at C2 foramen are important, classifiable abnormalities
- Anatomy in all pediatric patients is variable thus routine CTA in recommended for all preoperative workup